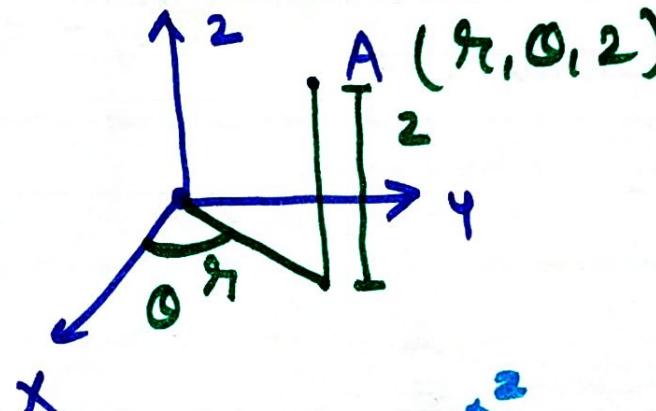


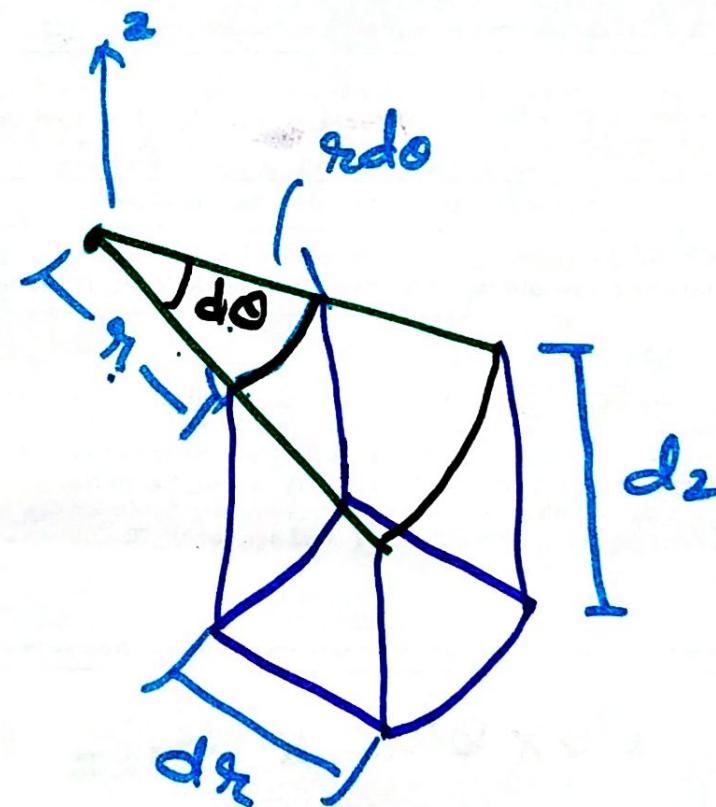
General Heat Conduction eqn in cylindrical co-ordinate system.

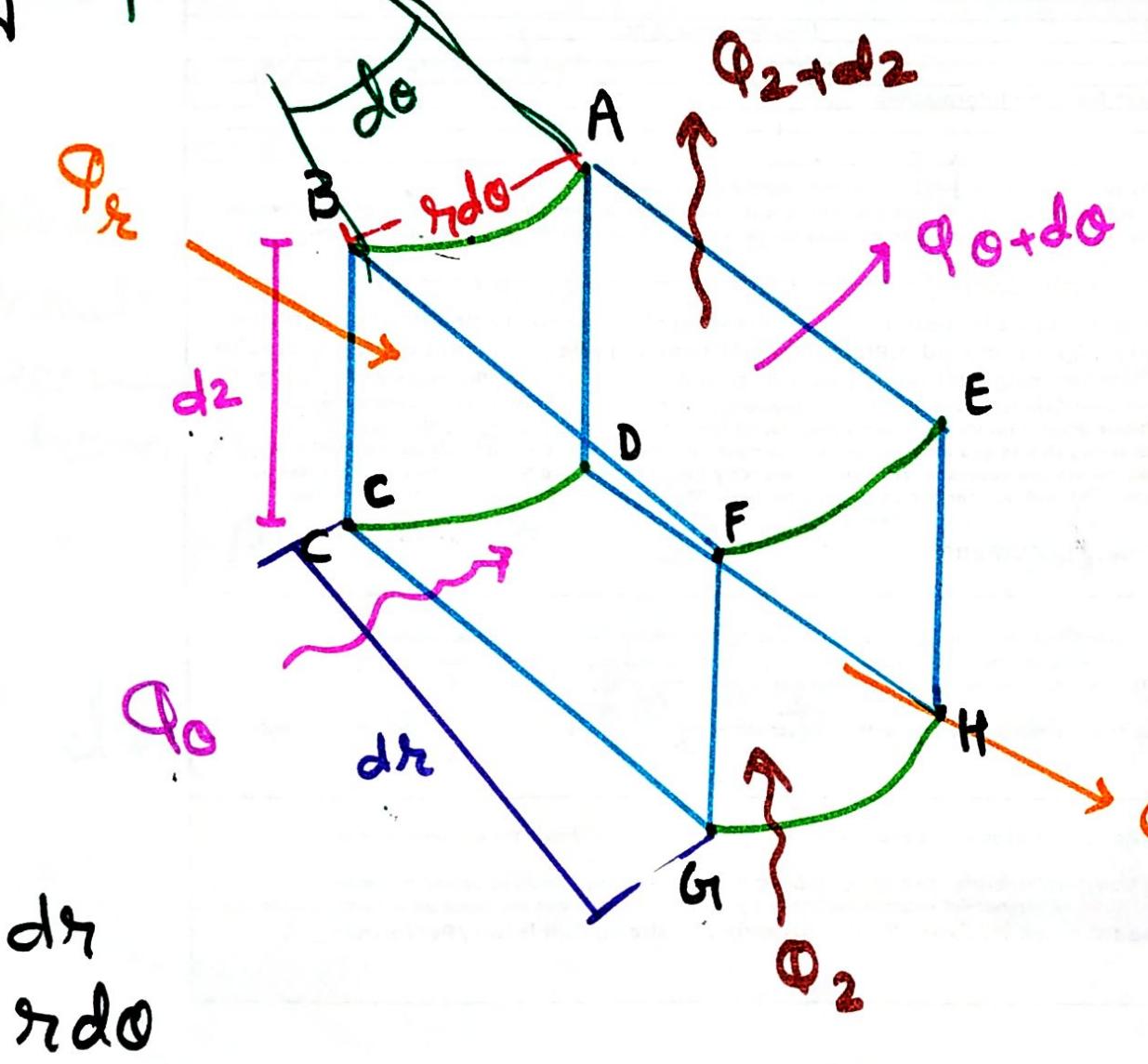
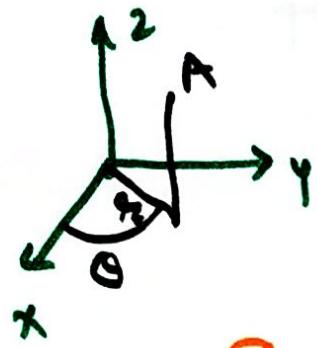
Pipe Rod cylinder geometry (r, θ, z)



$$l = r \times \theta$$

$$(r_{d\theta}, dr, dz)$$





ρ = Density

V = Volume

C = Specific heat

$K_r = K_\theta = K_2 = K$

m = mass of element

q_g = heat generated
in unit time

q_g = heat generated
/ unit volume
/ time

first law of Thermodynamic

$$d\Phi = du - d\omega \rightarrow$$

$$d\Phi = dy$$



Net heat accumulated from All Direction
internal heat generation = heat stored in volume

$$A + \underline{B} = \underline{C}$$

$$d\Phi'_R + d\Phi'_Q + d\Phi'_2 +$$

heat enter from Plane ABCD

$$Q_R = -k_r (r d\theta \cdot d_z) \cdot \frac{\partial T}{\partial r}.$$

$$q'_R = Q_R \cdot \gamma z$$

$$q'_R = -k_r (r d\theta \cdot d_z) \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \cdot \gamma z$$

$$q'_{R+dr} = q'_R + \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (q'_R) \cdot dr$$

Net heat accumulated from r -Direction

$$dq'_R = q'_R - q'_{R+dr}$$

$$= q'_R - [q'_R + \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (q'_R) \cdot dr]$$

$$= \cancel{q'_R} - \cancel{q'_R} - \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (q'_R) \cdot dr$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 dQ'_r &= -\frac{\partial}{\partial r} (q'_r) \cdot dr \\
 &= -\frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(-k_r \cdot (r d\theta \cdot dz) \cdot \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right) \cdot dr \\
 &= \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(k_r \cdot \pi \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right) dr \cdot d\theta \cdot dz \cdot dz \\
 \boxed{dQ'_r = K \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \cdot \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right) \cdot dr \cdot d\theta \cdot dz \cdot dz}
 \end{aligned}$$

Now heat accumulated in θ -direction

$$Q'_\theta = -K_\theta (dr \cdot dz) \frac{\partial T}{r \partial \theta} \cdot \partial \theta$$

$$q'_{\theta+d\theta} = q'_\theta + \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (q'_\theta) \cdot \underline{r d\theta}$$

Net heat accumulated

$$\begin{aligned} dq'_\theta &= q'_\theta - q'_{\theta+d\theta} \\ &= q'_\theta - \left[q'_\theta + \frac{\partial (q'_\theta)}{\partial \theta} \cdot r d\theta \right] \\ &= - \frac{\partial (q'_\theta)}{\partial \theta} \cdot \underline{r d\theta} \end{aligned}$$

$$dq'_\theta = \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left[(K_\theta \cdot dr dz) \frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} \right] dz \underline{r d\theta}$$

$$\boxed{dq'_\theta = K (dr dz) \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} \right) r dz}$$

Net heat accumulated in 2 - direction.

heat influx

$$q'_2 = -k_2 (dr, r d\theta) \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \cdot \partial z$$

$$q'_{2+d_2} = q'_2 + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (q'_2) \cdot d_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} dq'_2 &= q'_2 - q'_{2+d_2} \\ &= q'_2 - \left[q'_2 + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (q'_2) \cdot d_2 \right] \\ &= \cancel{q'_2} - \cancel{q'_2} - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (q'_2) \cdot d_2 \\ &= - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (q'_2) \cdot d_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d\phi'_2 &= - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (\phi'_2) \cdot dz \\
 &= - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(-k_2 r dr d\theta \cdot \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \cdot dz \right) \cdot dz
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d\phi'_2 = k r dr d\theta dz \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \right) \cdot dz$$

B) Heat Generated

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_g' &= q_g \times \text{Volume} \times \text{Time} \\
 &= q_g \times (r dr d\theta dz) \times dz
 \end{aligned}$$

C) Energy Stored

$$\begin{aligned}
 C &= mc \frac{dT}{dz} dz \\
 &= g c (r dr d\theta dz) \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \cdot dz
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A + B = C$$

$$d\phi'_r + d\phi'_\theta + d\phi'_z + \dot{q}_g' = \text{heat stored}$$

$$K \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} + K \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \theta} + K \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z}$$

$$+ \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} \right) + K \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} \frac{\partial T}{\partial z}$$

$$+ q_g \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} = \rho c \frac{\partial T}{\partial z}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \right) + \frac{q_g}{K} = \frac{\rho c}{K} \frac{\partial T}{\partial z}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial r} + r \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial r^2} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} + \frac{q_g}{K} = \frac{\rho c}{K} \frac{\partial T}{\partial z}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial T}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} + \frac{q_g}{K} = \frac{\rho c}{K} \frac{\partial T}{\partial z}$$